## 7.4 Explorations

- 1. a.  $\frac{4}{x-1}$ ; C; When x=1, the denominator of each
  - **b.**  $\frac{2x-1}{x(x-1)}$ ; F; When x=1, the denominator of the first expression is zero, and when x = 0, the denominator of the second expression is zero.
  - c. 0; G; When x = 2, the denominator of each expression
  - **d.**  $\frac{2}{(x-1)(x+1)}$ ; B; When x=1, the denominator of the first expression is zero, and when x = -1, the denominator of the second expression is zero.
  - e.  $\frac{-1}{x+2}$ ; A; When x=-2, the denominator of each expression is zero.
  - **f.**  $\frac{x+2}{x(x-2)}$ ; H; When x=0, the denominator of the first expression is zero, and when x = 2, the denominator of the second expression is zero.
  - g.  $\frac{-3x}{(x+2)(x-1)}$ ; E; When x=-2, the denominator of the first expression is zero, and when x = 1, the denominator of the second expression is zero.
  - **h.**  $\frac{1}{x}$ ; D; When x = 0, the denominator of each expression is
- 2. a. Sample answer:  $\frac{x}{x+1} \frac{x+2}{x+1}$ ; The denominator of each expression must have the factor x + 1 because the domain is all real numbers except -1.
  - **b.** Sample answer:  $\frac{x+3}{x+1} + \frac{x}{x-3}$ ; The denominators must have the factors x+1 and x-3 because the domain is all real numbers except -1 and 3.
  - c. Sample answer:  $\frac{x-2}{x(x+1)} + \frac{x}{x-3}$ ; The denominators must have the factors x+1, x, and x-3 because the domain is all real numbers except -1, 0, and 3.
- 3. The domain is all real numbers except any value of x that makes the denominator of any term equal to zero.

4. The terms must be rewritten using a common denominator before adding the numerators;  $\frac{x^2 - x + 12}{(x+4)(x-4)} = \frac{x+3}{x+4}$ 

## 7.4 Extra Practice

- 1.  $-\frac{4}{x-1}$
- 3.  $6, x \neq -4$
- 5.  $9x^3(x-7)$
- **6.** (2x + 1)(x + 5)
- 7. (x+2)(x+3)(x-6) 8.  $\frac{37}{10x}$

13.  $\frac{4}{x-1}$ ,  $x \neq 11$ ,  $x \neq -4$ 

- 9.  $\frac{18x + 114}{(x 2)(x + 8)}$
- $10. \ \frac{3x^2 9x + 10}{(2x+1)(x-3)}$
- 11.  $\frac{x-2}{x+1}$ ,  $x \neq 7$  12.  $\frac{x(x-30)}{10(5x+1)}$ ,  $x \neq 0$